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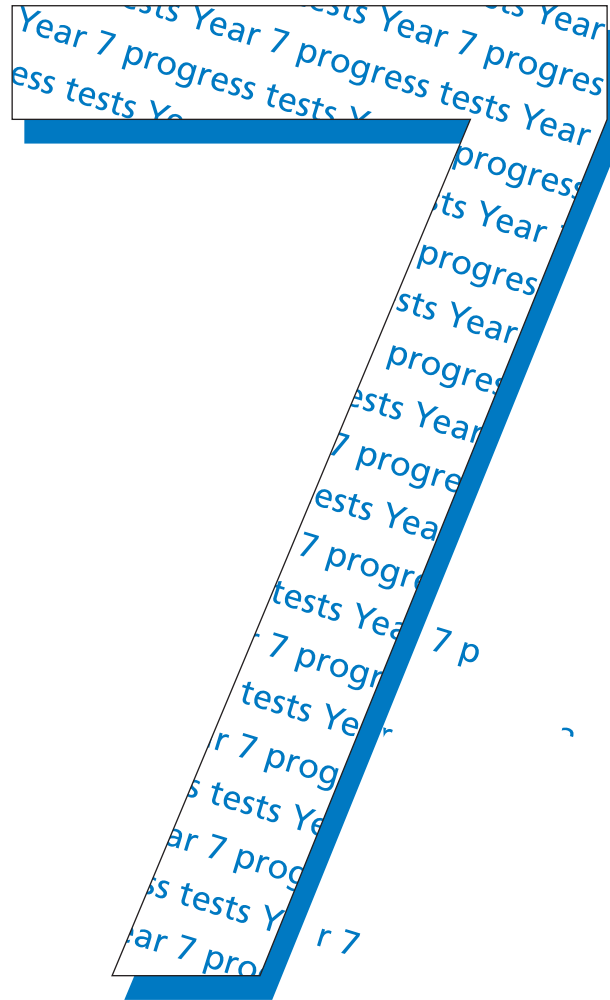
LEVELS
3-4

2005

Year 7 progress test in
mathematics

Mark scheme for Paper 1, Paper 2 and Mental mathematics

2005



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Introduction

The test papers will be marked by external markers. The markers will apply the mark schemes in this booklet, which is provided here to inform teachers.

This booklet contains the mark schemes for Paper 1, Paper 2 and the mental mathematics test. Questions have been named so that each one has a unique identifier.

The structure of the mark schemes

The marking information for questions in the written tests is set out in the form of tables, which start on page 11 (Paper 1) and page 21 (Paper 2) of this booklet. The two columns on the left-hand side of each table provide a quick reference to the question number, question part, and the total number of marks available for that question part.

The **Correct response** column usually includes two types of information:

- a statement of the requirements for the award of each mark, with an indication of whether credit can be given for correct working, and whether the marks are independent or cumulative
- examples of some different types of correct response, including the most common and the minimum acceptable.

The **Additional guidance** column indicates alternative acceptable responses, and provides details of specific types of response that are unacceptable. Other guidance, such as when 'follow through' is allowed, is provided as necessary.

Questions with a *Using and applying mathematics* element are identified in the mark scheme by an encircled U with a number that indicates the significance of using and applying mathematics in answering the question. The U number can be any whole number from 1 to the number of marks in the question.

General guidance

Using the mark schemes

Answers that are numerically equivalent or algebraically equivalent are acceptable unless the mark schemes state otherwise.

In order to ensure consistency of marking, the most frequent procedural queries are listed on the following two pages with the prescribed correct action. This is followed by further guidance, relating to marking of questions that involve money, time, algebra, coordinates or negative numbers. Unless otherwise specified in the mark schemes, markers should apply the following guidelines in all cases.

What if ...

<i>The pupil's response does not match closely any of the examples given.</i>	Markers should use their judgement in deciding whether the response corresponds with the statement of requirements given in the Correct response column. Refer also to the Additional guidance column.
<i>The pupil has responded in a non-standard way.</i>	Calculations, formulae and written responses do not have to be set out in any particular format. Pupils may provide evidence in any form as long as its meaning can be understood. Diagrams, symbols or words are acceptable for explanations or for indicating a response. Any correct method of setting out working, however idiosyncratic, is acceptable. Provided there is no ambiguity, condone the continental practice of using a comma for a decimal point.
<i>The pupil has made a conceptual error.</i>	In some questions, a method mark is available provided the pupil has made a computational, rather than conceptual, error. A computational error is a slip such as writing $4 \times 6 = 18$ in an otherwise correct long multiplication. A conceptual error is a more serious misunderstanding of the relevant mathematics; when such an error is seen, no method marks may be awarded. Examples of conceptual errors are: misunderstanding of place value, such as multiplying by 2 rather than 20 when calculating 35×27 ; subtracting the smaller digit from the larger in calculations such as $45 - 26$ to give the answer 21; incorrect signs when working with negative numbers.
<i>The pupil's accuracy is marginal according to the overlay provided.</i>	Overlays can never be 100% accurate. However, provided the answer is within, or touches, the boundaries given, the mark(s) should be awarded.
<i>The pupil's answer correctly follows through from earlier incorrect work.</i>	Follow through marks may be awarded only when specifically stated in the mark schemes, but should not be allowed if the difficulty level of the question has been lowered. Either the correct response or an acceptable follow through response should be marked as correct.
<i>There appears to be a misreading affecting the working.</i>	This is when the pupil misreads the information given in the question and uses different information. If the original intention or difficulty level of the question is not reduced, deduct one mark only. If the original intention or difficulty level is reduced, do not award any marks for the question part.
<i>The correct answer is in the wrong place.</i>	Where a pupil has shown understanding of the question, the mark(s) should be given. In particular, where a word or number response is expected, a pupil may meet the requirement by annotating a graph or labelling a diagram elsewhere in the question.

<p><i>The final answer is wrong but the correct answer is shown in the working.</i></p>	<p>Where appropriate, detailed guidance will be given in the mark schemes, and must be adhered to. If no guidance is given, markers will need to examine each case to decide whether:</p>	
	<p>the incorrect answer is due to a transcription error</p>	<p>If so, award the mark.</p>
	<p>in questions not testing accuracy, the correct answer has been given but then rounded or truncated</p>	<p>If so, award the mark.</p>
	<p>the pupil has continued to give redundant extra working which does not contradict work already done</p>	<p>If so, award the mark.</p>
	<p>the pupil has continued, in the same part of the question, to give redundant extra working which does contradict work already done.</p>	<p>If so, do not award the mark. Where a question part carries more than one mark, only the final mark should be withheld.</p>
<p><i>The pupil's answer is correct but the wrong working is seen.</i></p>	<p>A correct response should always be marked as correct, unless the mark schemes state otherwise.</p>	
<p><i>The correct response has been crossed (or rubbed) out and not replaced.</i></p>	<p>Mark, according to the mark schemes, any legible crossed (or rubbed) out work that has not been replaced.</p>	
<p><i>More than one answer is given.</i></p>	<p>If all answers given are correct or a range of answers is given, all of which are correct, the mark should be awarded unless prohibited by the mark schemes. If both correct and incorrect responses are given, no mark should be awarded.</p>	
<p><i>The answer is correct but, in a later part of the question, the pupil has contradicted this response.</i></p>	<p>A mark given for one part should not be disallowed for working or answers given in a different part, unless the mark schemes specifically state otherwise.</p>	

Marking specific types of question

Responses involving money <i>For example: £3.20 £7</i>	
Accept ✓	Do not accept ✗
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Any unambiguous indication of the correct amount eg £3.20(p), £3 20, £3,20, 3 pounds 20, £3-20, £3 20 pence, £3:20, £7.00 ✓ The £ sign is usually already printed in the answer space. Where the pupil writes an answer other than in the answer space, or crosses out the £ sign, accept an answer with correct units in pounds and/or pence eg 320p 700p 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ Incorrect or ambiguous use of pounds or pence eg £320, £320p or £700p, or 3.20 or 3.20p not in the answer space ✗ Incorrect placement of decimal points, spaces, etc or incorrect use or omission of 0 eg £3.2, £3 200, £32 0, £3-2-0, £7.0

Responses involving time <i>A time interval For example: 2 hours 30 mins</i>	
Accept ✓	Take care ! Do not accept ✗
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Any unambiguous indication eg 2.5 (hours), 2h 30 ✓ Digital electronic time ie 2:30 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ Incorrect or ambiguous time interval eg 2.3(h), 2.30, 2-30, 2h 3, 2.30min ! The time unit, hours or minutes, is usually printed in the answer space. Where the pupil writes an answer other than in the answer space, or crosses out the given unit, accept an answer with correct units in hours or minutes, unless the question has asked for a specific unit to be used
A specific time For example: 8.40am 17:20	
Accept ✓	Do not accept ✗
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Any unambiguous, correct indication eg 08.40, 8.40, 8:40, 0840, 8 40, 8-40, twenty to nine, 8,40 ✓ Unambiguous change to 12 or 24 hour clock eg 17:20 as 5:20pm, 17:20pm 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ Incorrect time eg 8.4am, 8.40pm ✗ Incorrect placement of separators, spaces, etc or incorrect use or omission of 0 eg 840, 8:4:0, 084, 84

Responses involving the use of algebra	
For example: $2 + n$ $n + 2$ $2n$ $\frac{n}{2}$ n^2	
Accept ✓	Take care ! Do not accept ✗
<p>✓ Unambiguous use of a different case or variable eg N used for n x used for n</p> <p>✓ Words used to precede or follow equations or expressions eg $t = n + 2$ tiles or tiles = $t = n + 2$ for $t = n + 2$</p> <p>✓ Unambiguous letters used to indicate expressions eg $t = n + 2$ for $n + 2$</p>	<p>! Unconventional notation eg $n \times 2$ or $2 \times n$ or $n2$ or $n + n$ for $2n$ $n \times n$ for n^2 $n \div 2$ for $\frac{n}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{2}n$ $2 + 1n$ for $2 + n$ $2 + 0n$ for 2</p> <p>Within a question that demands simplification, do not accept as part of a final answer involving algebra Accept within a method when awarding partial credit, or within an explanation or general working</p> <p>✗ Embedded values given when solving equations eg in solving $3x + 2 = 32$, $3 \times 10 + 2 = 32$ for $x = 10$</p> <p>To avoid penalising the two types of error below more than once within each question, do not award the mark for the <i>first</i> occurrence of each type within each question. Where a question part carries more than one mark, only the final mark should be withheld</p> <p>! Words or units used within equations or expressions eg n tiles + 2 n cm + 2</p> <p>Do not accept on their own Ignore if accompanying an acceptable response</p> <p>✗ Ambiguous letters used to indicate expressions eg $n = n + 2$ for $n + 2$</p>

Responses involving coordinates For example: (5, 7)	
Accept ✓	Do not accept ✗
✓ Unconventional notation eg (05, 07) (five, seven) $\begin{matrix} x & y \\ (5, & 7) \end{matrix}$ $(x = 5, y = 7)$	✗ Incorrect or ambiguous notation eg (7, 5) $\begin{matrix} y & x \\ (7, & 5) \end{matrix}$ $(5x, 7y)$ $(5^x, 7^y)$ $(x - 5, y - 7)$

Responses involving negative numbers For example: -2	
Accept ✓	Do not accept ✗
	To avoid penalising the error below more than once within each question, do not award the mark for the <i>first</i> occurrence of the error within each question. Where a question part carries more than one mark, only the final mark should be withheld ✗ Incorrect notation eg 2-

Recording marks awarded on the test paper

All questions, even those not attempted by the pupil, will be marked with a 1 or a 0 entered in each marking space. Where 2m can be split into 1m gained and 1m lost, with no explicit order, then this will be recorded by the marker as 1
0

The total marks awarded for a double page will be written in the box at the bottom of the right-hand page, and the total number of marks obtained on the paper will be recorded on the front of the test paper.

A total of 100 marks is available (40 from Paper 1, 40 from Paper 2 and 20 from the mental mathematics test).

Awarding levels

The sum of the marks gained on Paper 1, Paper 2 and the mental mathematics paper determines the level awarded. Level threshold tables, which show the mark ranges for the award of different levels, will be available on the QCA website www.qca.org.uk from 20 June 2005. QCA will also send a copy to each school by 1 July 2005.

Schools will be notified of pupils' results by means of a marksheet, which will be returned to schools by the external marking agency with the pupils' marked scripts. The marksheet will include pupils' scores on the test papers and the levels awarded.

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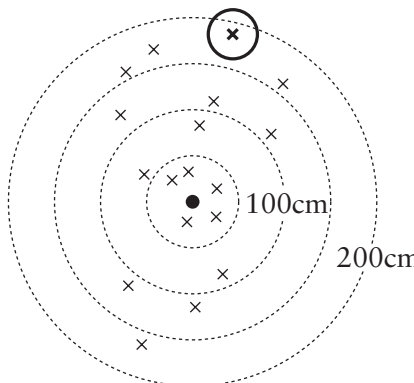
Mark scheme for Paper 1

Question	Making models		
1		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m	12	

Question	Working out		
2		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m	27	
	1m	26	

Question	Same values?		
3		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	<p>Indicates Yes and gives a correct explanation</p> <p>The most common correct explanations:</p> <p>Complete the calculations eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $17 + 15 = 32$ and $2 \times 16 = 32$ ■ They are both 32 ■ $10 + 10 = 20$, $7 + 5 = 12$ and $2 \times 10 = 20$, $2 \times 6 = 12$ <p>Use knowledge of near doubles eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Subtract 1 from 17 and add it to the 15 and you have $16 + 16$ which is the same as 16×2 ■ Double 15 = 30 then add 2 and it's the same as double 16 	<p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 32 seen, with no evidence of incorrect working ♦ $20 + 12$ and $20 + 12$ <p>✗ <i>Incomplete explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $17 + 15 = 2 \times 16$ ♦ Same answer ♦ I did the calculations <p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $16 + 1 + 16 - 1 = 2 \times 16$ ♦ $17 + 15 = 16 + 16$ <p>✗ <i>Incomplete explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $17 + 15 = 2 \times 16$
b	1m	17	
c	1m	3	<p>! <i>Answer of 3×1</i> Condone</p>

Question		Coins	
4		Correct response	Additional guidance
	<p>2m</p> <p>or</p> <p>1m</p>	<p>57 p</p> <p>Shows the digits 57</p> <p>or</p> <p>Shows the digits 105 and 48</p> <p>or</p> <p>Shows the digits 1(00) and 43 with no evidence of an incorrect method or incorrect units</p> <p>or</p> <p>Shows a complete correct method with not more than one error</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $100 - 48 + 5$ ■ $£1.05 - 38p$ (error) = 67 	<p>! For 1m, units incorrect or inconsistent</p> <p>Condone provided no ambiguity between pounds and pence is caused</p> <p>eg, for 1m accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $1 - 48 = 42$ (error) [attempt is $100 - 48$] $42 + 5 = 47$ <p>eg, for 1m do not accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $1 - 48 = 47$ (error) [attempt is $48 - 1$] $47 + 5 = 52$

Question		Beanbag	
5		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	<p>Indicates only the correct beanbag, ie</p> 	<p>! Other beanbags indicated</p> <p>Ignore marks made on any beanbags inside the 100cm circle as these may have been used for part (b)</p> <p>Do not accept any other beanbags indicated</p>
b	1m	8	
c	<p>1m</p> <p>U1</p>	6	

Question		Decimals	
6		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	<p>Gives any pair of decimal numbers that add to 1 other than those given</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 0.1 0.9 ■ 0.5 0.5 ■ 0.75 0.25 ■ 1.2 -0.2 	<p>✗ <i>Whole numbers or fractions</i></p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 1.0 0.0 ♦ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ <p>✗ <i>Given pair in reverse order</i></p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 0.7 0.3
b	1m	0.15 or equivalent decimal	✗ <i>Equivalent fractions</i>

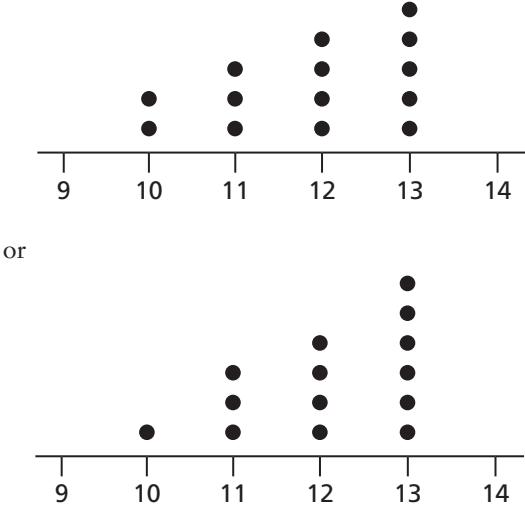
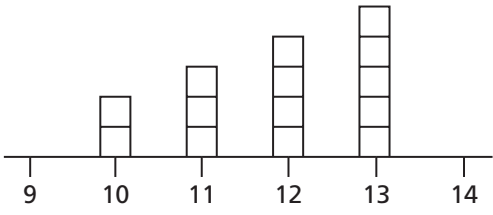
Question		One line	
7		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m	<p>Indicates one more square so the first shape has one line of symmetry, ie indicates one of the four black squares shown below</p>	<p>! <i>Square not shaded</i> Accept provided the indication is unambiguous</p> <p>! <i>Line(s) of symmetry drawn</i> Ignore, even if incorrect</p>
	1m	<p>Indicates one more square so the second shape has one line of symmetry, ie</p>	

Question		Cost of pens	
8		Correct response	Additional guidance
	<p>2m</p> <p><i>or</i></p> <p>1m</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(U1)</p>	<p>£ 1.30, with no evidence of incorrect working</p> <p>Shows the value 1.3 or 130, with no evidence of incorrect working</p> <p>or</p> <p>Shows the digits 39(0)</p> <p>or</p> <p>Shows a complete correct method with not more than one computational error, provided their value is rounded or truncated to the nearest penny</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $5 - 1.10 = 4.90$ ■ $4.90 \div 3 = 1.63$ 	<p>✗ Incorrect working</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ $5 - 1.10 = 4.90$ ◆ $4.90 \div 3 = 1.30$ <p>✗ Conceptual error</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ $5 - 1.10 = 4.10$ ◆ $4.10 \div 3 = 1.37$

Question		Completing calculations	
9		Correct response	Additional guidance
	<p>1m</p> <p>1m</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(U1)</p>	<p>Gives any three numbers that combine as shown to give 60</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $100 + 20 - 60$ ■ $60 + 1 - 1$ ■ $60 + 60 - 60$ <p>Gives any three numbers that combine as shown to give 0.6</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $0.5 + 0.5 - 0.4$ ■ $2 + 1 - 2.4$ ■ $0.6 + 1 - 1$ 	<p>✓ <i>Fractions, decimals or negatives</i></p> <p>✓ <i>Zero(s) used</i></p>

Question		Using rules	
10		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	Gives both correct numbers in the correct positions, ie 3 and 35	
b	2m <i>or</i> 1m	Gives both correct numbers in the correct positions, ie 5 and 95 Gives one correct number in the correct position	

Question		How many?	
11		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	10	✓ <i>Throughout the question, responses embedded</i> eg, for part (a) • 10×4
b	1m	5	! <i>Follow through</i> For part (b), accept follow through as their (a) $\div 2$
c	1m	80	! <i>Follow through</i> For part (c), accept follow through as either their (a) $\times 8$ or their (b) $\times 16$

Question		Youth club	
12		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	10	
b	1m	6	
c	2m	<p>Completes the dot plot correctly, ie</p>  <p>or</p> <p>Completes a dot plot that satisfies at least four of the following six conditions, even if there are other errors</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. There is a total of 14 dots 2. Age 11 has 3 dots 3. Only age 9 and age 14 have no dots 4. Age 13 has the greatest number of dots 5. Age 12 has more dots than age 11 6. Age 10 has at least one dot <p>or</p> <p>Shows or implies either set of correct values for the ages, even if the dot plot is incorrect or omitted eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (0), 2, 3, 4, 5, (0) ■ (0), 1, 3, 4, 6, (0) ■ 	
	1m		

U2

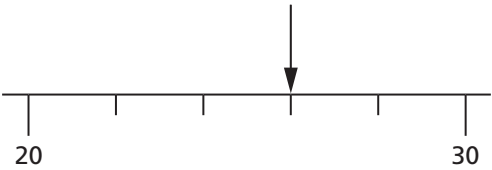
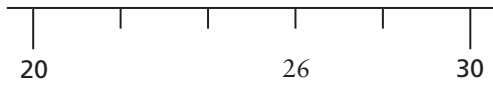
Question			Keys
13		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	5.3	✓ <i>Equivalent fractions or decimals</i> ! <i>Follow through</i> Accept follow through as their (a) + 2.8, provided this requires 'bridging the units' eg, from their (a) as 6.4 accept • 9.2
b	1m	8.1	
(U1)			

Question			Angles in a square
14		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	90	! <i>Throughout the question, incorrect units inserted</i> Ignore ! <i>Follow through</i> Accept follow through as their (a) ÷ 2 provided $0 < \text{their (a)} < 90$ ✗ <i>Incomplete processing</i> eg • $\frac{1}{2}$ of 90
b	1m	45	

Question		Multiplication	
15		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m	150	
	2m	400	<p>! For 2m or 1m, follow through For 2m, accept a correct evaluation of (250 + their answer to 6 × 25) For 1m, accept a correct method eg, for 1m accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 10 × 25 + their answer to 6 × 25 ♦ 250 + their answer to 6 × 25 <p>× For 1m, conceptual error eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 16 $\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ 32 \\ 80 \\ \hline 112 \end{array}$ <p>! Method is repeated addition For 1m, at least some multiplication must be shown or implied eg, for 1m do not accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 16 + 16 + + 16 [shown 25 times]
	or 1m	Shows a complete correct method with not more than one computational error eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ $6 \times 25 = 150$ $10 \times 25 = 250$ $16 \times 25 = 150 + 250$ ▪ $16 \times 20 = 320$ $16 \times 5 = 80, 320 + 80$ ▪ $16 \times 100 = 1600$ $1600 \div 2 = 800$ $800 \div 2$ ▪ $\begin{array}{r rr} & 10 & 6 \\ 20 & 200 & 120 \\ 5 & 50 & 25 \text{ (error)} \\ \hline & 200 & + 120 & + 50 & + 25 & = & 395 \end{array}$ ▪ $\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 25 \\ \hline 320 \\ 80 \\ \hline 300 \text{ (error)} \end{array}$ 	

Question		Areas	
16		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	4	
b	1m	2	✓ Follow through as their (a) ÷ 2

Mark scheme for Paper 2

Question		Number lines	
1		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	Indicates the value 26, ie 	! <i>Inaccurate indication</i> Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear ✓ <i>Unambiguous indication</i> eg 
b	1m	105	

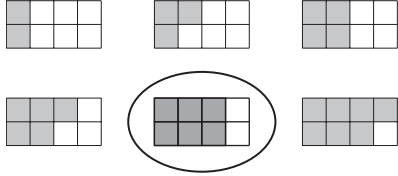
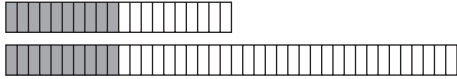
Question		Shopping	
2		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m	£ 5.36	

Question		Times	
3		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	Completes the missing time correctly eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 06:45 ■ 6:45 am 	<p>! <i>For the first mark, indication of am unconventional or omitted</i> Condone, but do not accept incorrect times eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 6:45 morning ♦ 6:45 <p>eg, do not accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 6:45 pm ♦ 18:45 <p>! <i>For the second mark, indication of pm unconventional or omitted</i> Do not accept any indications other than the 24 hour clock and/or pm eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 19:15pm <p>eg, do not accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 7:15 ♦ 7:15 in the evening
	1m	Completes the missing time correctly eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 19:15 ■ 7:15 pm 	
b	1m	Completes the missing time correctly eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 9pm ■ Nine o'clock at night 	<p>! <i>Indication of pm unconventional or omitted</i> Condone any unconventional indication eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 9 o'clock afternoon <p>Accept indication of pm omitted only if this error has already been penalised for the second mark in part (a)</p> <p>× <i>Time not interpreted</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 21pm ♦ Twenty-one hundred hours

Question		Titles	
4		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	10	
b	1m	14	
c	1m	3	

Question		Units	
5		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	Indicates No and gives a correct explanation eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 100cm is 1 metre ■ 1000mm is 1m, not 1000cm ■ 1000cm = 10 metres not 1 metre 	<p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 100 ♦ 1000mm ♦ 10m <p>! <i>Explanation uses known measurement(s)</i> Accept provided there is a comparison eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ I would be less than 1 metre tall but I am 1.27 metres tall ♦ The door is 2m high, not 0.2m <p>eg, do not accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ I would be less than a metre tall ♦ The door is not 0.2m high <p>! <i>Response contains an incorrect statement</i> Ignore alongside a correct response eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 100cm = 1m, so 1000cm = 1km <p>eg, do not accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 1000cm = 1km <p>✗ <i>Incomplete explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 1000 ♦ 10
b	1m	10	

Question		Rounding	
6		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m	Indicates that the amount was rounded to the nearest hundred pounds eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Hundred ■ 100 	<p>! <i>Units repeated</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ £100 <p>Condone</p> <p>✗ <i>Ambiguous spelling</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ Hundredth ♦ Hundreth

Question	Shading fractions							
7	Correct response	Additional guidance						
a	<p>1m</p> <p>Indicates only the correct shape, ie</p> 							
b	<p>1m</p> <p>Indicates No and gives a correct explanation</p> <p>The most common correct explanations:</p> <p>Show or imply the correct evaluation of both calculations</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $\frac{1}{2}$ of 20 = 10 and $\frac{1}{4}$ of 40 = 10 ■ They both equal 10 ■ <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">10</td><td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">10</td></tr></table> <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">10</td><td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">10</td><td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">10</td><td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">10</td></tr></table> ■ $\frac{1}{2}$ of 20 = $\frac{1}{4}$ of 40 <p>Use ratio</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 20 doubled is 40 and half of $\frac{1}{2}$ is $\frac{1}{4}$ 	10	10	10	10	10	10	<p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i></p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 10, 10 seen ♦ Equal ♦ Same ♦  <p>✗ <i>Incomplete explanation</i></p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 10 seen ♦ $\frac{1}{2}$ of 20 is 10 ♦ $\frac{1}{4}$ of 40 is 10 <p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i></p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $20 \times 2 = 40, \frac{1}{2} \div 2 = \frac{1}{4}$ ♦ 20 is half of 40 and 2 is half of 4 ♦ You have doubled the number and halved the fraction <p>✗ <i>Incomplete explanation</i></p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $\frac{1}{2}$ is double $\frac{1}{4}$ ♦ It's just doubled
10	10							
10	10	10	10					

U1

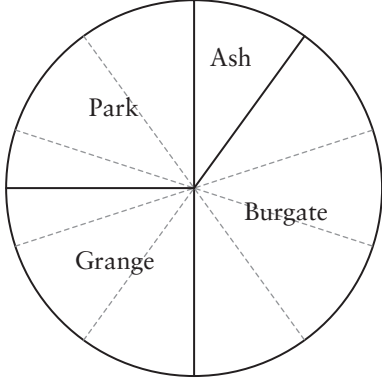
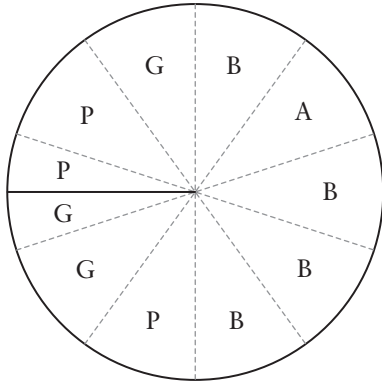
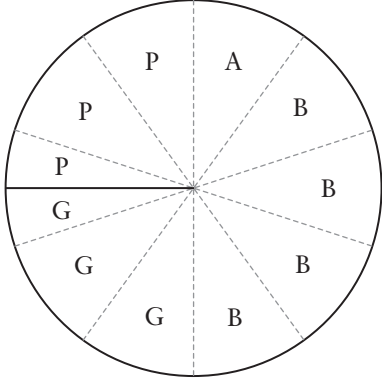
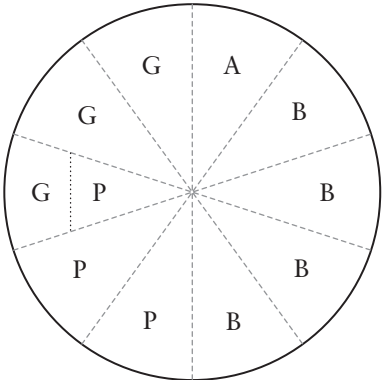
Question		Number line again	
8		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m	-2	
	1m	12	

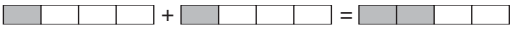
Question		Place value	
9		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	Indicates the correct number, ie <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> 47 407 4007 </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center; margin-top: 10px;"> 40007 400007 </div>	
b	1m	3 000 000	<p>! <i>Unconventional grouping of digits</i> Accept any groupings provided the digits are correct</p> <p>✗ <i>Value given in words</i></p>

Question		Turning direction	
10		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	West	<p>✓ <i>Unambiguous indication</i> eg, for part (a) ♦ W</p>
b	1m	South	
c	1m	45	<p>✓ -45</p> <p>! <i>Angle greater than 360</i> Accept any multiple of 360 + 45 eg ♦ 405</p>

Question		Moving on a grid	
11		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	(5, 5)	
b	1m	Gives a correct pair of coordinates for a point on the line shown [$y = x + 2$] eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (0, 2) ■ (2, 4) ■ (3.5, 5.5) 	✓ <i>Response assumes the line continues as a straight line</i> eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ (8, 10) ◆ (-2, 0) ◆ ($x, x + 2$)

Question		Multiplying chain	
12		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m	1008	
	1m	24	

Question	Primary schools	
13	Correct response	Additional guidance
	<p>2m</p> <p>Completes the pie chart correctly eg</p>  <p>or</p> <p>1m</p> <p>Indicates all four sectors correctly but fails to label or labels incorrectly</p> <p>or</p> <p>Indicates and labels at least two of the sectors correctly</p> <p>or</p> <p>Indicates the size of all four sectors and labels them correctly, but the sectors are not continuous eg</p> 	<p>✓ <i>Unambiguous labelling</i> eg</p>  <p>! <i>Lines not ruled or accurate</i> Accept provided the pupil's intention is clear</p> <p>✗ <i>For sectors representing Grange and Park, line indicating 5% incorrect or omitted</i> eg</p> 

Question	Thinking fractions	
14	Correct response	Additional guidance
a	<p>1m</p> <p>Indicates No and gives a correct explanation</p> <p>The most common correct explanations:</p> <p>Show or imply the correct sum eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8} + \frac{2}{8}$ $= \frac{4}{8}$ ■ $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$, but $\frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$ ■ $0.25 + 0.25 = 0.5$ and $0.5 = \frac{4}{8}$ ■  <p>Give a correct and comparable calculation that gives $\frac{2}{8}$ eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $\frac{1}{4} + 0 = \frac{2}{8}$ ■ $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8}$ so you can't add another $\frac{1}{4}$ ■ $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{2}{8}$ <p>Address the misconception eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Sam has just added the top numbers together and the bottom numbers together and you can't add fractions like that ■ You don't need to change the bottom number, just add the top ones together <p style="text-align: center;">(U1)</p>	<p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ $\frac{4}{8}$ ◆ $\frac{2}{4}$ ◆ $\frac{1}{2}$ ◆ Half <p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8}$ <p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ He added the top and bottom numbers together ◆ You only add the top numbers [denominator unchanged implied] ◆ You don't add the bottom numbers [numerators added implied] <p>✗ <i>Incomplete explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ You add the numerators ◆ You keep the denominator the same

Question		Thinking fractions (cont)	
14		Correct response	Additional guidance
b	1m	Indicates 5	<p>! <i>Answer repeats fifths</i> Condone eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $\frac{5}{5}$ ♦ $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$ <p>! <i>The stated $\frac{1}{5}$ not included</i> Accept provided it is clear that it is not included eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 4 more ♦ An extra $\frac{4}{5}$ <p>eg, do not accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ 4

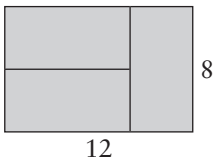
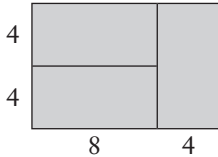
Question		Net	
15		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m	<p>Indicates the correct name, ie</p> <p>Cube Prism Square-based pyramid ✓</p> <p>Triangular-based pyramid Cuboid</p>	

Question	Three odds	
16	Correct response	Additional guidance
1m	<p>Indicates No and gives a correct explanation</p> <p>The most common correct explanations:</p> <p>Give a counter example eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $1 + 3 + 5 = 9$, which is odd not even <p>Make a general statement eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ An odd + another odd = an even Then even + the third odd = odd So the answer will always be odd ■ Odd numbers are just even numbers plus 1, and even + even + even = even and even + 3 = odd 	<p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $1 + 3 + 5 = 9$ ♦ $1 + 3 + 5 = \text{odd}$ <p>! <i>Odd numbers taken to be the same</i> Accept, even if the odd number repeated is 3 eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $3 + 3 + 3 = 9$ ♦ $3 \times 3 = 9$ <p>! <i>Calculations or statements given that do not relate to the given statement or are incorrect</i> Ignore alongside a correct counter example</p> <p>! <i>Incomplete explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $1 + 3 + 5$ <p>✓ <i>Minimally acceptable explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ Odd + odd = even, even + odd = odd ♦ Even + even + even + 3 = odd <p>! <i>Odd numbers taken to be the same</i> Condone eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ $3 \times \text{odd}$ is odd \times odd which always gives odd <p>✗ <i>Incomplete or incorrect explanation</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ Adding three odd numbers does not make an even number ♦ Odd \times odd = odd ♦ When you add all odd numbers it will always come to an odd number

U1

Question		Calculators	
17		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	28	! <i>Parts (a) and (b) transposed but otherwise correct</i> Mark as 0, 1
b	1m	24	

Question		158	
18		Correct response	Additional guidance
	1m (U1)	632	

Question		Block of three	
19		Correct response	Additional guidance
	2m or 1m (U1)	<p>40</p> <p>Shows or implies correct dimensions for the large rectangle, even if there is further incorrect working eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 12cm by 8cm  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ $4 + 4 + 8 + 4 + 8 + 4 + 8$ ■ 20×2 ■ $12 \times 8 (= 96)$ 	<p>✓ <i>For 1m, minimally acceptable implication</i></p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆  ◆ Four 4s and three 8s seen, with the intention to add also shown

Question		Boxes of counters	
20		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	<p>Indicates box A and gives a correct explanation</p> <p>The most common correct explanations:</p> <p>State or imply that there are the same number of white counters in each, but different numbers of black counters or different totals</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ There are the same number of white in each box, but in box B there are more black, so you are less likely to get white from box B ■ Both boxes have three white but B has one extra black so there is more chance of picking a black from B ■ There's the same number of whites in both, but in A it's out of a smaller total <p>Show the probabilities of getting a white counter or a black counter</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The probability of getting a white counter is $\frac{3}{4}$ for box A but $\frac{3}{5}$ for box B ■ For black it's 25% for A and 40% for B 	<p>✓ Minimally acceptable explanation</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ Same white, fewer black ♦ 3 white, but only one black ♦ 3 white, but more black in B ♦ Same number of white but fewer counters ♦ 3 is out of fewer counters <p>✗ Response details the number of white and black counters with no comparison shown or implied</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ A has 3 white and 1 black B has 3 white and 2 black <p>✗ Incomplete explanation</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ There is the same number of white counters in each box ♦ It's only got one black counter ♦ Fewer black counters in A ♦ There are more black in B ♦ It is out of more counters in B <p>! Numerical probability unconventionally or incorrectly expressed</p> <p>As this is a level 4 mark, condone even if the comparison is not explicit, provided the correct box is ticked</p> <p>eg, accept</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ A is 3 in 4, B is 3 in 5 ♦ 3 W to 1 B, 3 W to 2 B ♦ For black it's 1 out of 4 and 2 out of 5 <p>✗ Incomplete explanation</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ There's a greater probability of choosing a white counter from box A ♦ B is the best box for getting a black counter

U1

Question		Boxes of counters (cont)	
20		Correct response	Additional guidance
b	1m	Indicates equal numbers of black and white counters	<p>✓ <i>Unambiguous indication</i> eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ Filled circle for black, unfilled circle for white <p>! <i>Number of black and white counters is zero</i> Accept only if at least one counter clearly labelled with another colour is given Do not accept no counters given</p> <p>! <i>Counters clearly labelled with other colours alongside black and white counters</i> Ignore</p>

Question		Flats	
21		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	1m	Gives the values 37, 38, 39, 40 in any order	
b	1m U1	15	

'Now we are ready to start the test.'

For the first group of questions you will have 5 seconds to work out each answer and write it down.'

1	Look at the numbers on your answer sheet. Add them.
2	Double seventeen.
3	How many sides does a hexagon have?
4	What is fifty per cent of sixty?
5	What is four hundred divided by one hundred?

'For the next group of questions you will have 10 seconds to work out each answer and write it down.'

6	Look at the calendar for the month of April. Alice was born on the twenty-second of the month. On what day was Alice born?
7	What is a quarter of twenty-four?
8	Look at the scale on your answer sheet. What value is the arrow pointing to?
9	Estimate the length of the line on your answer sheet in centimetres.
10	The line graph shows the temperature during one afternoon. At what time was the highest temperature?

'Now turn over your answer sheet.'

Year 7 mathematics 2005
Mental mathematics test

First name _____

Last name _____

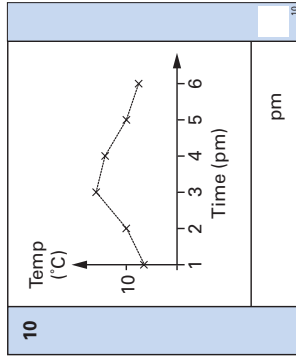
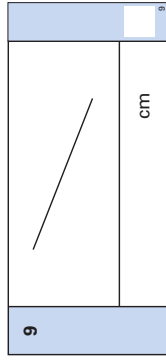
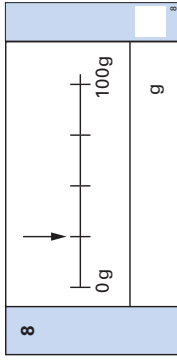
School _____

Total marks

Time: 10 seconds

6	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Mon</td> <td>4</td> <td>11</td> <td>18</td> <td>25</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tue</td> <td>5</td> <td>12</td> <td>19</td> <td>26</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wed</td> <td>6</td> <td>13</td> <td>20</td> <td>27</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Thu</td> <td>7</td> <td>14</td> <td>21</td> <td>28</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fri</td> <td>1</td> <td>8</td> <td>15</td> <td>22</td> <td>29</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sat</td> <td>2</td> <td>9</td> <td>16</td> <td>23</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sun</td> <td>3</td> <td>10</td> <td>17</td> <td>24</td> </tr> </table>	Mon	4	11	18	25	Tue	5	12	19	26	Wed	6	13	20	27	Thu	7	14	21	28	Fri	1	8	15	22	29	Sat	2	9	16	23	30	Sun	3	10	17	24	6
Mon	4	11	18	25																																			
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Sat	2	9	16	23	30																																		
Sun	3	10	17	24																																			

7	<input type="text"/>	24	<input type="text"/>
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Practice question

<input type="text"/>	95
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Time: 5 seconds

1	<input type="text"/>	19	13	<input type="text"/>
2	<input type="text"/>	17	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
4	<input type="text"/>	50%	60	<input type="text"/>
5	<input type="text"/>	400	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

11	Work out the answer to the calculation on your answer sheet.
12	There is one litre of water in a jug. Tom pours out two hundred and fifty millilitres of the water. How much water is left in the jug?
13	Look at your answer sheet. It shows the temperature on Monday. On Tuesday, it was ten degrees higher. What was the temperature on Tuesday?
14	What is the next square number after thirty-six?
15	Four y equals forty-four. What is the value of y ?

'For the next group of questions you will have 15 seconds to work out each answer and write it down.'

16	The bar chart shows pupils' favourite colours. Altogether, how many pupils are there?
17	The table shows the cost of a pen and a pencil. I buy two pens and two pencils. How much does that cost altogether?
18	Look at the sequence of numbers going down in steps of four. Write down the next two numbers in the sequence.
19	The pie chart shows how some pupils travel to school. About what percentage of the pupils cycle to school?
20	Look at the shaded shape drawn on a centimetre square grid. What is its area?

'Put your pens down. The test is finished.'

Time: 10 seconds continued	Time: 15 seconds continued				
<p>11 $6 \times 5 - 7$</p> <p>12 ml</p> <p>13 °C -8°C</p> <p>14 36</p> <p>15 $4y = 44$</p>	<p>17 <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>Pen</td><td>30p</td></tr><tr><td>Pencil</td><td>25p</td></tr></table> £</p> <p>18 33, 29, 25, 21, ..., ...</p> <p>19 %</p> <p>20 cm²</p>	Pen	30p	Pencil	25p
Pen	30p				
Pencil	25p				
Time: 15 seconds					
16 pupils					

Mark scheme

Time: 10 seconds

6	Friday	Accept any unambiguous indication, eg Fri or F
---	--------	--

7	6	
---	---	--

8	25 g	
---	------	--

9	$3.5 \text{ cm} \leq \text{answer} \leq 4.5 \text{ cm}$	
---	---	--

10	3 pm	
----	------	--

Time: 5 seconds

1	32	
---	----	--

2	34	
---	----	--

3	6	
---	---	--

4	30	Do not accept incorrect % signs
---	----	---------------------------------

5	4	
---	---	--

Time: 10 seconds continued

11	23	
-----------	-----------	--

12	750 ml	
-----------	---------------	--

13	2 °C	
-----------	-------------	--

14	49	
-----------	-----------	--

15	11	Accept embedded responses, eg $4 \times 11 = 44$
-----------	-----------	---

Time: 15 seconds

16	22 pupils	
-----------	------------------	--

Time: 15 seconds continued

17	£ 1.10	
-----------	---------------	--

18	17 and 13	Accept pair in either order
-----------	------------------	-----------------------------

19	$23 \% \leq \text{answer} \leq 27 \%$	
-----------	---	--

20	12 cm^2	
-----------	-------------------------------------	--

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